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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/611,485	07/01/2003	Kevin H. Schilling	006401.00400	3311
22908	7590 10/01/2004		EXAMINER	
BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD. TEN SOUTH WACKER DRIVE SUITE 3000			HAMLIN, DERRICK G	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO,			1751	
			DATE MAILED: 10/01/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		10/611,485	SCHILLING ET AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Derrick G. Hamlin	1751
	The MAILING DATE of this communication	on appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
THE - External control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR I MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 to SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days to period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thin period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON y statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice up	This action is non-final. Ilowance except for formal matt	•
Dispositi	ion of Claims		
5) □ 6) ⊠ 7) □ 8) □ Applicat	Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application of the above claim(s) 8-23 is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Ex	drawn from consideration. and/or election requirement.	
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) [Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Election for	uments have been received. uments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
2) Notice 3) Inform	et(s) se of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ er No(s)/Mail Date	48) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-7, drawn to compositions, classified in class 252, subclass 88.1.
- Claims 8-14, drawn to a dust suppression method, classified in class 252, subclass 88.2.
- III. Claims 15-23, drawn to a stabilization method, classified in class 252, subclass 88.2.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and (II or III) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be used as an additive in concrete or in oil recovery applications.

Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions different functions.

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Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Allen Hoover Esq. on 9/22/04 a provisional election was made with out traverse to prosecute the invention of Invention I, claims 1-7. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 7-23 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Evaluations of level of ordinary skill in the art requires consideration of factors such as various prior art approaches employed, types of problems encountered in the art, rapidity with which innovations are made, sophistication of technology involved,

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educational background of those actively working in the field, commercial success, failure of others, and the inventor's educational level.

The "person having ordinary skill" in this art has the capability of understanding the scientific and engineering principles applicable to the claimed invention. The references of record in this case reasonably reflect this level of skill.

Claims 1, 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kieke (US 5,911,276).

Kieke discloses a method for the enhanced recovery of oil comprises injecting into an oil-containing formation an aqueous surfactant system having at least (1) a blend containing an unmodified Kraft lignin, an oil-soluble amine and a water-soluble sulfonate, and (2) water; driving the surfactant system through the formation and producing the oil mobilized by the surfactant system. (abstract) For purposes of this description and the claims of this invention, the term "lignin" will be used to describe alkali lignins, also known as Kraft lignins or thiolignins. Such lignins are commercially available, for example, Indulin C is a trademarked pine Kraft lignin product sold by Westvaco Corp. It is a spray-dried powder comprising 72% by weight lignin and the remainder inorganic salts and hemicellulose. (col. 5, lines 13-19) Additionally, Generally, phase partitioning surfactant systems include a co-solvent such as an alcohol, amide, ester, ether, aldehyde, ketone, alkoxylated alcohol, sulfated or sulfonated alcohol and sulfated or sulfonated alkoxylated alcohol. (col. 7, lines 16-20)

The reference is anticipatory.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kieke (US 5,911,276).

Kieke is relied upon for the reasons above.

The reference does not teach the instant invention with sufficient specificity to constitute anticipation. The reference fails to teach that that a cross-linking agent is used.

There would be a reasonable expectation of success to modify the prior art to arrive at the instantly claimed invention because the prior art suggest co-solvent such as aldehydes and ketones and the specification of the instant application discloses that acetone and formaldehyde are preferred cross-linking agents. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to create the instant compositions containing water, lignin, inorganic salts, hemicellulose and aldehydes and ketones as cross-linking agents.

In view of the forgoing, the above claims have failed to be patently distinguishable over prior art.

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The remaining references listed on form(s) 892 and/or 1449 have been reviewed by the examiner and are considered to be cumulative to or less material than the prior art references relied upon in the rejection above.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Derrick G. Hamlin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1317. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Fridays from ~8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Yogendra Gupta, can be reached on (571) 272-1316. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Derrick G. Hamlin

9/28/04

Mark Kopec
Primary Examiner